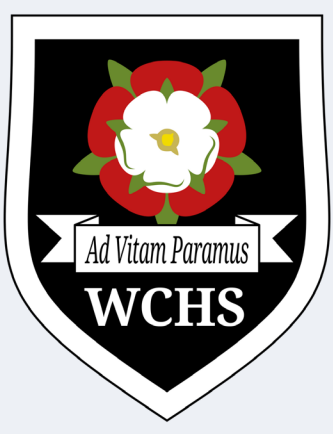




YEAR 7 LEARNING JOURNEY INFORMATION

Religious Education

The Origins of Judaism



Autumn Term 1

KNOWLEDGE: Pupils explore the origins of Judaism through the stories of Abraham, Isaac and Moses. They investigate the Covenant, the Exodus from Egypt, Passover and the giving of the Ten Commandments, considering how these events shaped Jewish identity.

SKILL: Pupils develop chronological understanding, explain the significance of key events and individuals, and use religious vocabulary accurately in extended writing.

Judaism in the Modern World

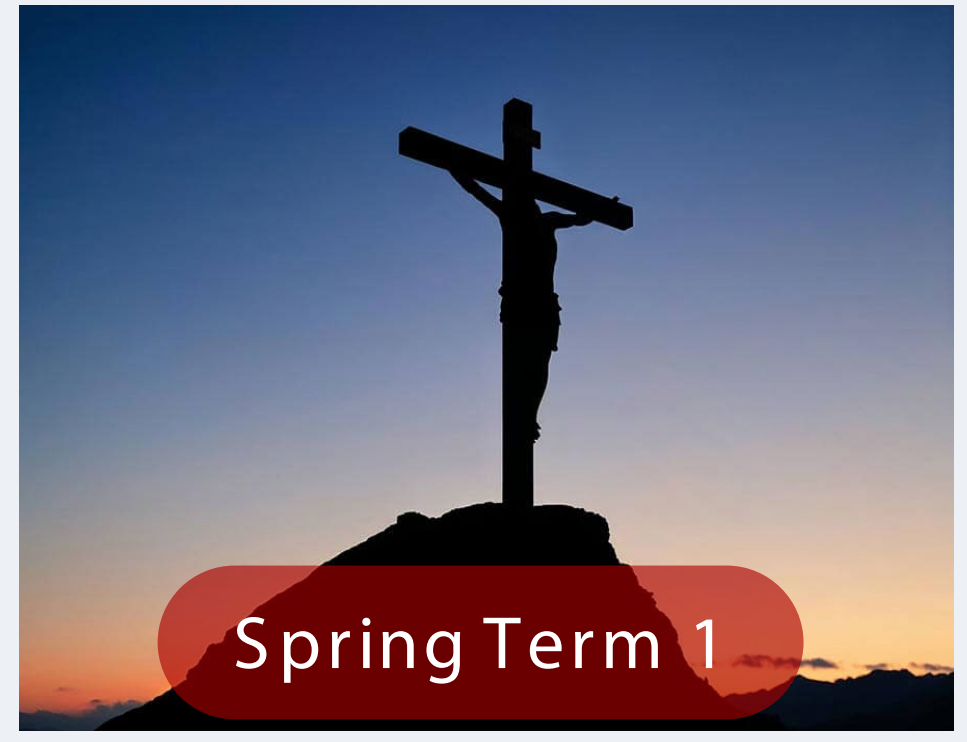


Autumn Term 2

KNOWLEDGE: Pupils study how Judaism is practised today. They explore different Jewish communities, including Orthodox and Reform Judaism, and learn about the synagogue, Shabbat, and festivals.

SKILL: Pupils compare religious practices, explain diversity within a faith tradition, and present their ideas confidently using appropriate terminology.

The Origins of Christianity



Spring Term 1

KNOWLEDGE: Pupils investigate the origins of Christianity through the birth, life and teachings of Jesus. They explore key events including Jesus' baptism, disciples, leading the way to Jesus' eventual crucifixion.

SKILL: Pupils interpret religious narratives, identify key teachings, and explain how beliefs developed from the life of Jesus..

Teachings from the Bible



Spring Term 2

KNOWLEDGE Pupils examine important biblical stories including the Good Samaritan and selected miracles of Jesus. They explore the moral messages within these stories and their relevance to Christians today.

SKILL: Pupils analyse moral teachings, discuss ethical issues, and use evidence from religious texts to support explanations and viewpoints.

The Origins of Islam



Summer Term 1

KNOWLEDGE: Pupils learn about the origins of Islam through the life of Prophet Muhammad and the revelations of the Qur'an. They study the Five Pillars of Islam and their importance in Muslim life.

SKILL: Pupils explain key beliefs and practices, make connections between faith and daily life, and use religious evidence to support written responses. Students will compare and contrast the 5 pillars of Islam through discussions.

Islam in the modern world



Summer Term 2

KNOWLEDGE: Pupils look at contemporary Muslim life, including the significance of Ramadan, Eid al-Fitr, Eid al-Adha and the mosque. Students then explore Islamic beliefs around the afterlife.

SKILL: Pupils compare religious practices, evaluate the importance of faith in modern society and the role of faith in the afterlife.